

The Ninth World Peace Forum

TSINGHUA UNIVERSITY BEIJING · 2021





Contents

BACKGROUND	1
LEADERSHIP	2
OPENING CEREMONY	3
JOINT PANELS	5
PLENERY	9
PANELS	17
MEDIA COVERAGE	••••••
MOMENTS	• • • • • • • • • • • • •



International Security Cooperation in the Post-Pandemic Era:

Upholding and Practicing Multilateralism







BACKGROUND



On July 7, 2012, then-Vice President of China, Xi Jinping, addressed the opening ceremony of the first WPF.

Founded in 2012, the World Peace Forum (WPF) is organized by Tsinghua University and coorganized by the Chinese People's Institute of Foreign Affairs (CPIFA). As the first high-level international security forum initiated by a Chinese institution, the WPF was institutionalized in 2013 as a non-govermental annual summer event, aiming to offer an opportunity for international strategists and think-tank leaders to discuss international security issues and develop constructive approaches to dealing with threats to international security.

LEADERSHIP



Qiu Yong
Chairman of WPF,
President of Tsinghua
University

Wang Chao President of Chinese People's Institute of Foreign Affairs





Yan Xuetong
Secretary General of WPF,
Dean of Institute of
International Relations,
Tsinghua University

OPENING CEREMONY



On July 3, 2021, Wang Yi, Minister of Foreign Affairs, China, addressed the opening ceremony.



On July 3, 2021, Qiu Yong, Chairman of World Peace Forum, delivered the welcome speech on the opening ceremony of the ninth WPF.



OPENING CEREMONY



JOINT PANEL 1 (By Invitation)

Theme

China-India Relations: Rebuilding Mutual Trust





JOINT PANEL 1

Theme China–India Relations: Rebuilding Mutual Trust





JOINT PANEL2

Theme

China-US Relations Ahead: Choices and Implications





JOINT PANEL 2

Theme

China-US Relations Ahead: Choices and Implications





PLENARY

Theme

Reassessing International Order



Wang Chao

President, Chinese People's Institute of Foreign Affairs



Fukuda Yasuo

Prime Minister of Japan(2007-2008)

PLENERY

Theme

Reassessing International Order



Ban Ki-Moon

Secretary General of UN(2007-2016)



Kevin Michael Rudd

Prime Minister of Australia (2007-2010, 2013)

PLENARY

Theme

Revitalizing Global Multilateralism



Herman Van Rompuy

President of the European Council(2010-2014)



Surakiart Sathirathai

Deputy Prime Minister of Tailand (2005-2006)

PLENERY

Theme

Revitalizing Global Multilateralism



Fu Ying

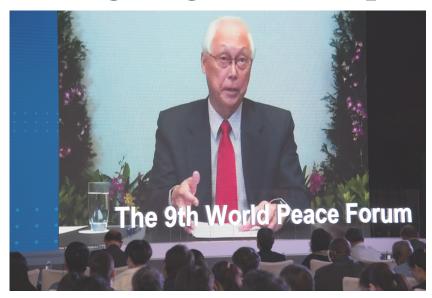
Chairperson of the Foreign Affairs Committee of National People's Congress (2013-2018)



Theme

PLENARY

Reinvigorating Regional Cooperation



Goh Chok Tong

Prime Minister of Singapore(1990-2004)



Hamid Karzai

President of Afghanistan(2001-2014)

PLENERY

Theme

Reinvigorating Regional Cooperation



Yan Xuetong Secretary General, World Peace Forum



PLENARY

Theme

Reshaping Relations among Major Powers



Laurent Bill

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of the French Republic

Denisov Andrey

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of the Russian Federation

William Klein

Acting Deputy Chief of Mission, Embassy of the United states os America

PLENERY

Theme

Reshaping Relations among Major Powers



Yu Hongjun

Vice Minister, International Department of the CPC Central Committee(2010-2014)



Caroline E. Wilson

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland



Panel 1 Online

Geopolitics in the Digital Era

New technologies are accelerating the digitization of the world. Major powers are competing both geopolitically and technologically. Does this development undermine the utility of geopolitics for understanding the transformation of international relations? How will geopolitics evolve in a digital age? What will the global geopolitical landscape

look like in the in the coming years? How will new technologies affect geopolitical confrontation or cooperation at the regional or global level? What is the relationship between competition in the natural space and that in the cyber space? How to strengthen global governance in both the natural and cyber spaces to maintain world peace?

Panel 1

Online













MODERATOR

A He Kai
Professor of International
Relations, Griffith
University, Australia

SPEAKER

- B Kishore Mahbubani
 Distinguished Fellow, Asia
 Research Institute, National
 University of Singapore,
 Singapore
- John J. Mearsheimer
 Distinguished Service
 Professor of Political

Science, the University of Chicago, US

- Wu Xinbo
 Dean, Institute of
 International Studies,
 Fudan University, China
- E Barry Buzan
 Emeritus Professor of
 International Relations,
 The London School of
 Economics and Political
 Science, UK

Panel 2 Online

New START Extension and Strategic Stability

In February 2021, the United States and Russia agreed to extend the 2010 New Strategic Arms Reduction Treaty (New START) for another five years. How significant is the extension of New START to global strategic stability? What are the respective expectations of the U.S. and Russia? What does the extension of New START mean for the future of U.S.-Russian strategic stability talks and multilateral arms control? What are the major challenges to global strategic stability? How do emerging technologies in outer space, cyberspace and artificial intelligence affect the global strategic stability traditionally based on nuclear weapons? What should future arms-control negotiations incorporate? How to strengthen the global armscontrol architecture?

Panel 2



MODERATOR
Zhao Tong
Senior Fellow, Carnegie–Tsinghua
Center for Global Policy, China



SPEAKER

Joseph Detrani

Professor, Missouri State University,
Defense and Strategic Studies, US



Andrey Kortunov Director General, the Russian International Affairs Council, Russia



Mark Leonard
Director, European Council on
Foreign Relations, UK



Li Bin Professor, Department of International Relations, Tsinghua University, China

Panel 3

Asia-Pacific Security Cooperation and the Role of ASEAN

The Asia-Pacific is undergoing a rapid transformation both politically and economically. As a crucial player of the region, the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) has contributed a lot in promoting the Asia-Pacific regional cooperation. How is the rising great-power competition affecting ASEAN's role in constructing the regional security architecture? How will the "ASEAN centrality" be challenged by emerging new initiatives such as the Indo-Pacific strategies from several countries and the institutionalization of Quad (the Quadrilateral Security Dialogue among Australia, India, Japan and the United States)? How will the RCEP and CPTPP will evolve and contribute to the regional integration as well as the security of the region? What are the ASEAN approaches to the emerging uncertainties and instability in the Asia-Pacific? How to facilitate security cooperation in the Asia-Pacific in a new era?

Panel 3

CHAIR Wu Xinbo Dean, Institute of International Studies, Fudan University, China

SPEAKER

Djauhari Oratmangun Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Indonesia

Raja Nushirwan Zainal Abidin Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Malaysia

Arthayudh Srisamoot Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Thailand

Tao Jian President, University of International Relations, China











Panel 4

China-Japan Relations: Ensuring A Peaceful and Prosperous AsiaPacific

China and Japan are the two leading economies in East Asia. Despite the usual ups and downs of their political relations, the two nations are mutually major economic partners. How do the fluctuating political relations affect their economic ties? How will the new variables, such as greatpower competition, re-emerging geopolitical rivalries, rise of digital economy, as well as trends of deglobalization and technological decoupling, be challenging the China-Japan relations in the foreseeable future? How will the China-Japan economic ties evolve in such a transforming Asia-Pacific? Can China and Japan make joint efforts in advancing regional integration by promoting mechanisms such as the RCEP, the China-Japan-ROK FTA and even the CPTPP? How do both the business communities play a role in the bilateral relations between China and Japan?

Panel 4



MODERATER

Xu Jin

Senior Fellow, Institute of World Economics and Politics, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences, China

SPEAKER

Shimizu Fumio

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Japan

Takashima Ryusuke Executive Director, Japan External Trade Organization (JETRO) in Beijing, Japan Yang Bojiang

Director-General, Institute of Japanese Studies, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences, China

Hu Jiping

Vice President, China Institutes of Contemporary International Relations, China

Ogawa Yoshinori Marubeni Corporation Executive Officer, Regional CEO for China; Marubeni (China) Co., Ltd., Chairman & CEO

Panel 5 BRICS and Global Governance

The COVID-19 pandemic has laid bare the weaknesses of the global governance system. As a complementary platform aiming to improve the global governance, the BRICS is faced with both challenges and opportunities. What are the major factors that affect the BRICS cooperation? How will the BRICS adjust the agenda of their cooperative projects in light of the new challenges? How will the New Development Bank and the BRICS Contingent Currency Arrangement play a role in this regard? How will the BRICS countries deal with the trend of de-globalization? How will they cooperate in the digital economy? How will they advance multilateralism?

Panel 5



CHAIR
Ye Hailin
Professor and Vice Dean National
Institute of International Strategy, Chinese
Academy of Social Sciences



SPEAKER Siyabonga Cwele Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of South Africa



Xu Bu President, China Institute of International Studies, China



Andrey Denisov Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Russia



Vikram Misri Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of India



Paulo Estivallet Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Brazil

Panel 6

China-Afica Cooperation in the Post-Pandemic Era

The strategic partnership between China and Africa has been strengthened over the years. Despite challenges, the COVID-19 pandemic has not kept China and Africa from advancing their cooperation. What are the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on development and security in Africa? What are the major challenges and opportunities for the China-Africa relations in the post-pandemic era? What are the priorities for their cooperation? What approaches should China and Africa take for substantial cooperation to meet the challenges posed by the pandemic as well as the uncertainty of world economy? How should China and Africa make joint efforts to promote prosperity and peace in Africa and the world?

Panel 6



MODERATOR

Tang Xiaoyang
Professor, Department of
International Relations,
Tsinghua University, China

Ahcene Boukhelfa Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Algeria

SPEAKER

Robinson Richard Jean Louis Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Madagascar Liu Hongwu Founder and Director, Institute of African Studies at Zhejiang Normal University, China

Dawano Kedir Haji Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, and Deputy Head of Mission, Embassy of Ethiopia Elia G. Kaiyamo (TBC) Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Namibia

Panel 7 Online

China-US Relations in A New Age

Against the general expectation, the China-US relations continue to be tense in the post-Trump era. Why does Biden's China policy mark a continuity with Trump's? What are the major differences between them? Are there different definitions between China and the U.S. for the nature of their bilateral relationship? How do the definitions affect their respective policymakings as well as future of the relationship? How will the COVID-19 factor

continue to play a role in this relationship? In a digital era, how will the great-power competition look like? Will a technological decoupling be materialized? How will it interact with the geopolitical competition? Is their competition manageable? How to be cooperative and competitive at the same time? What are the areas where China and the U.S. might fall into confrontation? How to avoid a new Cold War and even a military conflict?

Online



MODERATOR

Xie Tao

Dean, School of International Relations and Diplomacy, Beijing Foreign Studies University, China





Wang Jisi

President, Institute of International and Strategic Studies, Peking University



G. John Ikenberry

Albert G. Milbank Professor of Politics and International Affairs at Princeton University in the Department of Politics and the Princeton School of Public and International Affairs, Princeton University, US



Daniel R. Russel

Vice President, International Security and Diplomacy Asia Society Policy Institute, US



Yuan Peng

President, China Institutes of Contemporary International Relations, China



Michael D. Swaine

Director, East Asia Program, Quincy Institute for Responsible Statecraft, US

Panel 8

Artificial Intelligence and International Security

While bringing enormous benefits to the international society, Artificial Intelligence (AI) technology also poses risks and challenges to international security and world order. In the context of changing majorpower relations, what major challenges has AI posed to the international society, in economic, military, political, and other areas? Will AI technology become too divided and bifurcated to govern? What impact does this bring to international security and the future world order? In regards to international security, how will the development of AI influence the balance of military power, the nature of future conflicts, and strategic stability? What would be the appropriate legal framework for AI technology on the international stage? Is it possible to establish international mechanisms for global AI governance, and if so, what would be the roadmap?



MODERATOR

Chen Qi

Professor of International Relations, School of Social Sciences at Tsinghua University; Secretary General, Dean, Institute for AI Center for International Security and Strategy, Tsinghua University (CISS)

SPEAKER

Zhu Qichao

Deputy Director and Professor, Institute for Defense Technology and Strategic Studies, National University of Defense Technology (NUDT)

Liang Zheng

Professor, School of Public Policy and Management, Tsinghua University; Research Fellow and Vice Dean, Institute for AI International Governance of Tsinghua University (I-AIIG)

Xue Lan

Cheung Kong Chair Distinguished Professor, Dean, Schwarzman College; International Governance, Tsinghua University (I-AIIG)

Li Chijiang

Vice President & Secretary General, China Arms Control and Disarmament Association

Liu Wei

Researcher, School of artificial intelligence, Beijing University of Posts and **Telecommunications**

Barry O'Sullivan

Professor, the School of Computer Science & IT, University College Cork



SPEAKER

Isaac Ben-Israel Professor, Tel Aviv University

R.S. Panwar

Analyst, Future Warfare; 57th Colonel Commandant of the Corps of Signals, Indian Army

Eric Richardson Senior Advisor, Centre for Humanitarian Dialogue

Jean-Marc Rickli Head of Global and Emerging Risks, Geneva Centre for Security Policy (GCSP) Sato Heigo Professor and Vice Director, the Institute of World Studies, Takushoku University

Nils Gilman Vice President of Programs, Berggruen Institut

Vadim Kozyulin
Director, Emerging
Technologies and Global
Security Project and Asian
Security Project, PIR Center









Tech Decoupling and Its Impacts on World Order

When the world enters into an age of great power competition, technological decoupling is gaining momentum especially between the two largest economies. Is the trend of tech decoupling irreversible? What are the priority technologies supposed to be decoupled? How will it affect the integration of the global supply chains and the health of world economy? Will the decoupling spread to other fronts such as economy and education? Will it lead to a digital or technological iron curtain between the two competing parties? Will a new cold war be not far away? What are the impacts of tech decoupling on the transformation of world order? How to maintain an interdependent, integrated and prosperous world?

MODERATOR



Pang Xun Professor, Department of International Relations, Tsinghua University, China

SPEAKERS



Kim Sung-hwan Chairman, East Asia Foundation, South Korea



Alexander A. Dynkin President, Primakov National Research Institute of World Economy and International Relations of the Russian Academy of Sciences (IMEMO), Russia



Jia Qingguo Professor, School of International Studies at Peking University, China



Robin Niblett
Director and Chief Executive, Chatham House,
UK



Marc Uzan Founder and Executive Director, Reinventing Bretton Woods Committee, US

Panel 10 Online

Strategic Credibility and Global Leadership

In a world undergoing power transition, the change of global leadership is a reflection of the ups and downs of great powers. The uncoordinated international response to the COVID-19 pandemic represents the obvious lack of global leadership in the current world. What constitutes effective international leadership? Are there different styles or modes of leadership? Why do countries choose to lead in different ways? How important is credibility and consistency in leadership? How to gain strategic credibility? Can a country lead others if it does not honor its promises? Can a rising power replace an established power with higher strategic credibility but lower national capability? What role does the strategic credibility of leading powers play in current international politics?

Panel 10 Online

MODERATOR

Liu Feng Professor, Department of International Relations, Tsinghua University, China



SPEAKER

Moon Chung-in Chairman, the Sejong Institute, South Korea



David Lake

Jerri-Ann and Gary E. Jacobs Professor of Social Sciences, Distinguished Professor of Political Science, University of California San Diego, US



Pascal Boniface

Director of Institute of International and Strategic Relations (IRIS), France



Zhou Fangyin

Professor and Dean, School of International Relations, Guangdong University of Foreign Studies, China



Panel 11

BRI and Post-Pandemic Global Economic Recovery

Serving as an international platform for cooperation, the Belt and Road Initiative is expected by many partner countries to play a bigger role in dealing with the economic disruptions caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. How does the pandemic affect the BRI cooperation? What are the challenges and opportunities? How to view the Chinese new initiatives regarding the Green Silk Road, the Health Silk Road and the Digital Silk Road? In the post pandemic era, how to make the BRI cooperation contributing more to the global economic recovery in general and preventing people from returning to poverty in particular? What reforms should the BRI cooperation take to make it more sustainable, inclusive and mutual beneficial? How to make the BRI more compatible with the existing regional and subregional cooperation architectures?



MODERATOR

Shi Zhiqin

Professor, Department of International Relations, Tsinghua University, China Palitha Kohona Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Sri Lanka

SPEAKER

Georgios Iliopoulos Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Greece Moin Ul Haque Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Pakistan

Guo Shuyong Dean, School of International Relations and Public Affairs, Shanghai International Studies University, China

Panel 12

China-Europe Relations: Opportunities and Challenges

China and Europe are both the key actors on the international stage. The China-EU strategic partnership has contributed to their high economic interdependency and joint efforts in dealing with regional and international challenges. What are the common grounds supporting their strategic partnership? How do their mutual perceptions evolve in a transformed world? In the postpandemic era, what are the priority sectors in which both parties should strengthen cooperation? How do political differences affect this partnership? How to evaluate the impacts of the third-party element such as the U.S. factor? How to deal with the challenges facing them? How can China and Europe jointly reduce tension between them and promote a more stable world at such a critical juncture?



MODERATOR

Feng Zhongping
Director, Institute of European
Studies at Chinese Academy
of Social Sciences, China

Caroline E. Wilson Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of UK

SPEAKER

Nicolas Chapuis Ambassador and Head of Delegation, The Delegation of the European Union to China Zhou Hong Director, International Studies Division, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences, China

Luca Ferrari Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy

of Italy

Panel 13

China-US Climate Change Experts Dialogue

China and the United States of America have issued ajoint agreement between the two Special Envoys for Climate Change after having the talks on April 15th-16th, 2021 to review and advance joint efforts to deal with the climate crisis. This joint agreement indicates the resumption of China-US dialogue relating to the aspects of Climate change. The US invited world leaders from 38 countries, including China, to participate in the Leader Summit on Climate hosted on April 22nd.

According to the records of China-US cooperation on climate, climate change is regarded as the most recognizable and foremost area for building China-US consensus, being treated as the foundation for the cooperation between the two countries. The China-US cooperation on climate also determines the steady and favorable development of China-US development and facilitates the formation of global climate governance.

This expert dialogue will focus on the topics of how China and the US have suffcient capacities to deal with climate change and how both sides mobilize the bilateral relationship to make a contribution to the global climate governance through this cooperation.



MODERATOR

Zhang Jian
Vice President, Institute
of Climate Change and
Sustainable Development,
Tsinghua University, China

He Jiankun Vice Chairman, National Experts Panel on Climate Change, China

SPEAKER

John Podesta Founder, Center for American Progress, US Jerry Brown Chair, California-China Climate Institute, US

Kelly Sims Gallagher Academic Dean and Professor, Energy and Environmental Policy at The Fletcher School, US Vadim Kozyulin
Director, Emerging
Technologies and Global
Security Project and Asian
Security Project, PIR Center

Hal Harvey CEO, Energy Innovation, US



SPEAKER
Wang Yi
Vice President, Institutes of
Science and Development (ISD)
of the Chinese Academy of
Sciences
(CAS), China



Li Zheng
Executive Vice President,
Institute of Climate Change
and Sustainable Development,
Tsinghua
University, China



Zhang Xiliang
Head of Global and Emerging
Risks, Geneva Centre for
Security Policy (GCSP)



Chen Qi Professor, Department of International Relations, Tsinghua University, China



Panel 14

International Counterterrorism Cooperation amid Great Power Competition

Terrorism continues to constitute one of the most serious threats to international peace and security. Nearly 20 years after the tragedy of 9/11, what are the new features of the threat of terrorism? As the U.S. troops and the International Security Assistance Force are leaving Afghanistan, how will it affect the global campaign against terrorism? Will terror groups such as al-Qaeda and the Islamic State be provided new rooms to re-emerge? In an age of 'great-power competition' how to strengthen and coordinate the intermational response to the threat of terrorism? Are there major obstacles? How can the United Nations, regional and subregional organizations play a bigger role in countering terrorism?



MODERATOR

Jia Lieying Dean, School of International Relations, Beijing Language and Culture University, China Javid Ahmad Qaem Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Afghanistan

SPEAKER

Fariz Mehdawi Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Palestine Serif Alp Atakcan First Counsellor and Deputy Chief of Mission, Embassy of Turkey

Rong Ying
Vice President and Senior
Research Fellow, China
Institute of International
Studies, China

Gafar Karar Ahmed Karar Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Sudan

Panel 15

Supply Chain Restructuring and Future of Globalization

Over the past three decades, globalized supply chains have been both a catalyst and a consequence of globalization. While the 2008 financial crisis triggered apprehensions of globalization especially in the advanced economies, the COVID-19 pandemic sounded the alarm on the security of supply chains. How serious is the danger of supply chain disruption? What are the major drivers to calls for supply chain restructuring? How does geopolitics play a role in this process? What are the respective perceptions of developed and developing countries on supply chain restructuring and the trend of deglobalization? Will regionalization be a solution? How to improve supply chain resilience to ensure sustainable and inclusive growth rather than to increase protectionism?

MODERATOR

Li Peng

Professor, Graduate Institute for Taiwan Studies (GIfTS) of Xiamen University, China





Lui Tuck Yew Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Singapore



Clare P. Fearnley Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of New Zealand



Dominic Barton Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Canada



Zhang Yuyan
Senior Fellow and Director, Institute of
World Economics and Politics, Chinese
Academy of Social
Sciences, China

Panel 16

Inclusive Multilateralism and World Peace

Multilateralism has made significant contributions to global peace and prosperity. However, it is under severe challenge. Why is multilateralism weakened at this juncture? What are the major causes? How much will multilateralism and global institutions continue to matter in world peace and development? What are the emerging divergent perceptions between major powers on multilateralism? How will the multilateral system evolve post the COVID-19 pandemic? What is the relationship between multilateralism and plurilateralism, both in the economic field and political field? How should the United Nations and other global institutions play a more efficient role in dealing with global challenges, such as pandemics, poverty reduction, economic recovery, and climate change?

Pane 16



MODERATOR

Qi Haixia

Deputy Dean, Institute of International Relations, Tsinghua University, China

Laurent Bili

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of France

SPEAKER

Jose Bernal

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Mexico Mbelwa Brighton Kairuki Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Tanzania

Yang Jiemian

Senior Fellow and Chairman of Academic Affairs Council, Shanghai Institute for International Studies, China Xu Jian

President, China Foreign Affairs University, China

Panel 17

China-Russia Relations in A Transformed World Order

Represented by the Comprehensive Strategic Partnership of Coordination for A New Era established in June 2019, the China-Russia ties have been deeply strengthened. What are the factors driving China and Russia closer and closer? What are the foundations and challenges for the China-Russia strategic partnership? How will the China-Russia strategic cooperation shape the world order? How should China and Russia jointly advance multilateralism and promote political solutions to hot-spot issues? How should they strengthen coordination and cooperation in their shared neighborhood? How should they jointly facilitate the SCO and the BRICS cooperation in the post-COVID era? How do economic ties and people-topeople contacts play a role in the bilateral relations? How to release the potential in the two fronts?



MODERATOR

Wu Dahui

Professor, Department of International Relations, Tsinghua University, China

SPEAKER

Sun Zhuangzhi
Deputy Director of the
Institute of Sociology,
Secretary-General of Center
for Shanghai Cooperation
Organization Study,
Chinese Academy of Social
Sciences, China

Vitaly Fadeev Senior Counsellor, Embassy of Russia

Zhou Li

Former Vice-Minister, International Department of Central Committee of CPC, China

Denis Paletskiy Visiting Researcher, Research Center for International Outreach of Chinese Culture, Beijing Foreign Studies University, China

Andrey Kortunov
Director General, the
Russian International
Affairs Council, Russia

Panel 18

Revitalizing International Cooperation on Nuclear Nonproliferation

2021 marks the 51st anniversary of the NPTs entry into force. Despite achievements, international cooperation on nuclear nonproliferation is under stress. What are the major challenges facing the global nonproliferation campaign? What should be the priorities for future multilateral negotiations on nuclear disarmament and arms control? What is the essential role of the NPT in international security and stability? How to advance the durability and efficiency of the global nonproliferation norms and mechanisms? How to revive the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA), which is an important component of the international nonproliferation architecture? How to facilitate the denuclearization of the Korean Peninsula? How will initiatives like the establishment of a Middle East Zone Free of WVeapons of Mass Destruction contribute to global nonproliferation efforts?



MODERATOR

Wu Riqiang

Associate Professor, School of International Studies, Renmin University of China, China

Graham Hugh Fletcher Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Canada

SPEAKER

Mohammad Keshavarz Zadeh

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Iran

Yao Yunzhu Major General (Retired); Senior Advisor, China Association of Military

Sciences, China

Pierre Krahenbuhl
Personal Envoy of the
President to China, Head of
Regional Delegation for East
Asia, International
Committee of the Red Cross,
Switzerland

Panel 19

China-Middle East Relations under the New Circumstances

The China-Middle East cooperation has achieved steady progress in many fronts including the anti- pandemic fight. Against the background of new developments in regional hotspot issues, great power relations, pandemic, climate change, technology such as 5G and clean energy, and terrorism, which traditional and/or nontraditional security issues would pose greater threats to regimes and peoples in the Middle East? How possible is it for a solution and what kind of role China might play in the process? What impact does the U.S.military retrenchment in the Middle East have on China-Middle East relations? What are the foundations of mutual trust between China and Middle Eastern countries? How should they strengthen cooperation to promote prosperity and peace in the region?

MODERATOR

She Gangzheng Assistant Professor, Department of International Relations, Tsinghua University, China

SPEAKER

Wu Sike Ambassador, Former Special Envoy to the Middle East, China



SPEAKER

Mohamed Elbadri Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Egypt Hussam Al Husseini Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Embassy of Jordan

Yuval Waks Deputy Chief of Mission, Embassy of Israel

MEDIA COVERAGE



















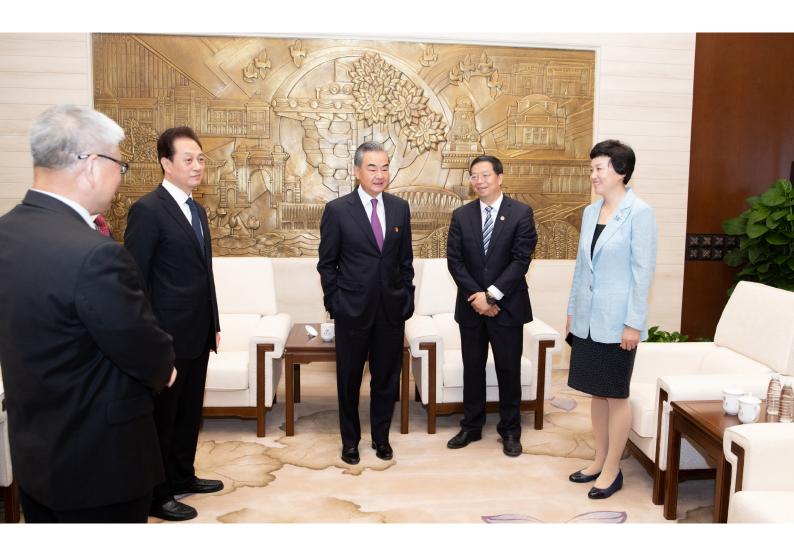








MOMENTS







MOMENTS













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